Voter Information Guide 2026

Iron County, Utah Republican Primary

About this guide:

This Voter Information Guide has been created by Real Impact Cedar City. We are a local Christian volunteer organization that encourages citizens to be involved in the political process within our community, state and country. We've provided questionnaires to all of the candidates appearing on the June 23, 2026 Republican Primary Ballot for Iron County, Utah. Below is the compilation of their responses. This document is publicly available, and we encourage you to share with the citizens of Iron County.

We are a non-partisan group, and we do not endorse candidates. Our hope is that this Voter Information Guide will help citizens make more informed decisions in the election process. We strongly urge you to vote in person, or at least drop off your ballot at your designated polling station.

Republican for County Commissioner A

The Iron County Commission is comprised of (3) seats A, B, and C. Seats A and B are up for election this November and seat C (Ken Robinson) is not. Seat A is currently held by Mike Bleak and is being opposed by Bruce McDonald. Seat B is currently held by Paul Cozzens who is not running for re-election and thus Rand Bettridge will be running unopposed [for seat B]. RAND BETTRIDGE WILL NOT BE ON THE REPUBLICAN PRIMARY BALLOT AND WILL BE ON THE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT. We have included all Iron County Commission candidates in this election guide to provide complete information and perspective for the General Election.

1. If elected, what do you believe are the most important issue(s) for the new County Commission to address first?

Bruce McDonald: Water, property tax, responsible growth

Mike Bleak: There are a few ongoing issues that are important to continue to address. Let me touch on the Iron County Jail briefly. Very long story short... We were able to put a plan in place to finance the complex through a sales tax instead of a general property tax. This provides sufficient income to pay the bond payment. It's important to note that $1.5 Million dollars collected this last year came from non residents of Iron County. With the ability to house contract inmates for the state and federal prison systems, the funds generated will be more than enough to pay for ongoing maintenance, the entire Sheriffs Office budget which is currently subsidized by the general fund, additional employees, and overall wage increases for the county employees in general. All of this accomplished without the need for a general property tax increase. This is a carefully crafted plan put together by or team over the last two years. It is imperative to follow this plan to benefit each resident in our county with the ability to keep taxes low, and provide quality public safety.

Rand Bettridge (on General Election ballot): The first issues I would focus on are responsible budgeting, public safety, water, infrastructure, and growth. Iron County is a place where people want to live and raise families, but that only works if county government plans ahead, lives within its means, and makes sure essential services are keeping up with the needs of the community. My

background in business, managing people, budgets, and operations, has taught me that good decisions are usually made early, carefully, and with the long term in mind.

2. What are your core guiding principles that you would apply to this elected position? How will you manage any potential conflict(s) between your principles and local special interests and/or your political party's agenda?

Bruce McDonald: I Ancer my phone and am willing to listen and learn. We need to follow the law. My agenda is to better iron county. Run audits and find problems before it's too late. Iron county has recently charged a lady that was stealing over 200 thousand from the county.

Mike Bleak: I've served as a law enforcement for over 30 years. I learned very early that integrity is the only way to maintain success. I have been faced with very few actual conflicts of interest in my term. I have no problem recusing myself from those issues. I have been governed by the rule of law throughout my entire career. There are times that I have to put my personal feelings aside and make decisions based on the law. I have made decisions a number of times that were contrary to special interest or other groups that I may agree with. These decisions are solely based on the law. As an elected official there are certain protections when you follow the law. When straying outside of the law, those protections disappear. I will not put myself or my family at risk by making a decision outside of that. No decision is going to make everyone happy. Difficult decisions are made with much study and input from people much smarter than I. The hard decisions that I have been involved in have never been taken lightly. I will abide by that same ethic in the future.
My guiding principles are faith, family, fiscal responsibility, limited government, private property rights, free enterprise, the rule of law, and local decision-making. Those principles are consistent with the Utah Republican platform, which emphasizes freedom, constitutional government, private initiative, and the proper role of government. When special interests or political pressure conflict with those principles, my responsibility is to be honest, transparent, and make the decision I believe is best for Iron County under the law.

Rand Bettridge (on General Election ballot): My guiding principles are faith, family, fiscal responsibility, limited government, private property rights, free enterprise, the rule of law, and local decision-making. Those principles are consistent with the Utah Republican platform, which emphasizes freedom, constitutional government, private initiative, and the proper role of government. When special interests or political pressure conflict with those principles, my responsibility is to be honest, transparent, and make the decision I believe is best for Iron County under the law.

3. What are your views on County Commissioners representing the Will of the People vs the Commissioner's personal beliefs or agenda? For example, how would you apply your views to the county jail bond vote and the current AI Data Center debate?

Bruce McDonald: 1. We have the oldest jail in the state. That should not be a negative it should be a positive it means we got our money's worth. 2. We don't have to build the biggest or newest of fanciest in the state at taxpayers' expense. build and budget within our means. 3. Data center, Some don't want a data center but like any business they have right's too, YOU CAN NOT TAKE

AWAY THEIR RIGHTS AND GIVE THEM TO ANOTHER JUST BECAUSE OF FEAR. That being said all business need to work within the laws.

Mike Bleak: I'll talk a little more about the jail. There has never been a choice whether to build a jail or not. The only elected county office that is set forth by the Constitution is that of the Sheriff. Part of that mandate is to operate a jail that is sufficiently safe and protects the civil rights of the incarcerated people that we are mandated to hold. The only question that was ever posed to the public is how the funding of that facility would take place. We knew that a general obligation bond would not pass. It was one possibility. We never stopped looking for another avenue. Through our over 25 public meetings that were held, there was an overwhelming call for a consumption tax or sales tax that would remove the entire burden from property owners and spread the responsibility across the populace, including non residents that paid for goods and services while passing through. With that mandate we were able to successfully lobby the legislature to allow us to use an existing tax stream that was not accessible to 3rd Class and smaller counties. This tax is actually a public safety tax that is not restricted to the use of paying the jail bond. This tax was used as a guarantee, like in any loan to secure the necessary bond. Once the plan is implemented to use the revenue from contract inmates, funds from that tax stream can be freed up to use for additional resources in law enforcement, fire. EMS, and emergency management, without a general property tax increase in the foreseeable future.

The current data center discussion is the elephant in the room. We have known that there are data center projects interested in Iron County for over a year. These projects are private companies working with private property owners. At no time has the county been involved in the recruitment of these projects. I personally put the rights of private property owners extremely high priority. I have spent hundreds of hours personally working on gathering correct information on data centers in general. That has consisted of speaking with other elected government officials from around the country where data centers are in use and have been for a long period of time. I arranged a tour of an active data center in the West Jordan area. We took member of staff, fire, law enforcement, elected officials from local municipalities, and community leaders for a first hand look at a facility similar to those proposed in Iron County. We found no noise. There is minimal water usage. There are power generation and usage plans that do not adversely affect the other users in the community. There are no issues with pollutants. In fact these facilities are highly regulated by state and federal agencies. Counties actually have no jurisdiction over emissions other than to require compliance with state and federal laws. The Aligned Data Center that we visited employs about 40 technicians that service the actual infrastructure of the center. These people are employed at $30 hourly straight out of trade school. Within 1-2 years these employees are making $100,000+ annually. There are an additional 300+ highly trained IT professionals that manage the actual hardware owned by the companies that own the data. These observations are 100% based on my personal experience with information that has been provided by actual people with firsthand experience with these facilities. We as a county have done everything we can to answer questions and provide conditions that address the health and safety of our people. I have had overwhelming input from citizens in support of these facilities for a number of reasons. The vast majority of these people say that they will never come to a meeting because of the negative atmosphere. With all of that being said, as long as these companies meet the requirements and conditions set forth in the county conditional use permit they have the right to do business here. Those conditions are still being analyzed by our building and zoning department as well as the

planning commission. This is new territory for us. There have never been projects of this scale proposed. We are working hard to lean on the expertise of others with history and experience and integrate that knowledge in to the specific needs of our community."

Rand Bettridge (on General Election ballot): The will of the people matters deeply, and any commissioner who stops listening to the public has lost sight of the job. At the same time, our system is a representative republic, and the oath of office is not simply to follow public opinion, but to "support, obey and defend" the United States Constitution and the Utah Constitution, and to discharge the duties of office with fidelity. On issues like the jail or a data center, I would listen carefully to residents, respect the outcome of lawful votes, and still do the work of governing, protecting constitutional rights, respecting property rights, providing necessary county services, and making sure decisions are based on facts, law, public safety, and the long-term interests of Iron County.

4. What are your views on the continued practice of beginning commission meetings with prayers or invocations?

Bruce McDonald: This country was built on religious freedoms; I believe prayers and the pledge is very important and it should not matter who is doing them.

Mike Bleak: Always! I believe in God. I know that our nation was founded on the principles that were divinely inspired. I rely on my relationship with God through prayer to make decisions in my personal life and in decisions that I make in the county.

Rand Bettridge (on General Election ballot): I support continuing the practice of beginning commission meetings with prayer or invocation. Iron County has a tradition of faith, gratitude, and public service, and I believe it is appropriate to begin public meetings by asking for wisdom, humility, and guidance in the decisions being made.

5. What are your views on the current level of security and integrity of Iron County elections? What can be done to improve election security and integrity at the county level?

Bruce McDonald: In person voting is all ways the best, mail in ballets are never as secure as in person. as a voter I vote in person, but I would have a hard time telling people they had to vote in person.

Mike Bleak: The integrity of the Iron County Clerks Office is second to none. There are checks and balances multiple layers deep through voter ID verification, as well as audits at every level of the process. I have personally been involved in the auditing process of several elections. We post the dates and times of these audits publicly and welcome visitors to participate in the process. There has never been an issue raised in the integrity of an Iron County Election. The process is explained thoroughly in public meeting each election cycle and the statistics are shared and made public over and above what we are legally required to do. These are open and transparent processes. I have zero concern about the integrity of Iron County Elections. I certainly will not speak for any other jurisdiction, but ours is solid.

Rand Bettridge (on General Election ballot): From what I have seen, Iron County elections are secure, professionally run, and far better managed than many of the election situations people hear about elsewhere. Recent state changes requiring mail ballots to be received by the clerk by 8 p.m. on Election Day have also helped create a clearer deadline for voters and the county. Locally, we should keep improving transparency, chain of custody, public observation, voter education, and confidence in the process. I also personally prefer that voters use secure drop boxes rather than hoping the mail service delivers ballots.

6. Do you support or oppose the influx of AI data centers in southern Utah? Why or why not?

Bruce McDonald: Yes BUT only if they follow the law's and like any business in iron county it benefits the people of iron county

Mike Bleak: I support them if they meet the requirements set forth. I believe that they will provide tax benefits to every property owner in the county. They will provide high paying jobs for our kids. They will allow for improvements in our schools etc... With that being said, I don't believe that we should throw open the doors and welcome each project with open arms. We are currently assessing the infrastructure requirements and considering an overlay zone that would keep these proposed projects in suitable areas. Data centers have been in existence for 30 + years. Only with newer technology with the reduced use of water and the ability to generate on site power have they become feasible in the western United Stated. I believe that they play a crucial role in national security. My opinion is based on my personal observations and research. Each proposed project has to be addressed individually to make sure that they meet the requirements set forth. There are 4 proposed projects currently in Iron County. At this point only one of those has come for permitting. I don't know if all of these projects are feasible or not. Each has to be analyzed on their individual proposals. Most importantly these project must not negatively affect the current lifestyles that we are blessed with here.

Rand Bettridge (on General Election ballot): I would not give a blanket yes or a blanket no to any entire industry. Every major land use should be evaluated on its own merits, based on location, water, power, roads, noise, environmental impact, public safety, and whether it fits the surrounding area. I helped build and operate a family business that included gas stations, and I understand that necessary businesses are not appropriate in every location. Data centers should be treated like every business. Applicants deserve a fair process, property owners have rights, but the county also has a duty to make sure the impacts are understood, the ordinances are clear, and the public is protected. The data center issue has raised legitimate questions about how we account for plans to use water, power, and evaluate how other properties are impacted.

7. What strategies or alternatives would you employ as Commissioner to keep from routine property tax increases in Iron County?

Bruce McDonald: If done right the data centers could lower or remove the property tax for iron county. Also, by bringing in good businesses into the county. It would be fun to run the numbers to see how much we would have to raise sales tax to eliminate property tax. I would like to know. It might be an option for the voters.

Mike Bleak: Iron County has not raised property taxes in over 25 years... until two years ago. This was a difficult decision that was made to address an issue within the county that involved wages and some specific issues within the Sheriff's Office. A quick explanation of the tax structure is necessary. The county collects all of the taxes for all of the taxing entities. For example, the school district, the water conservancy district and all of the municipalities. Iron County receives approximately 10% of the total taxes collected. We implemented a 1.9% increase to the 10% that we receive. This amount was able to cover the necessary increases that were required. No more, no less.

Going back to the New Sheriff's Office Complex. I've explained above the strategy for eliminating the need for property tax increases for the foreseeable future. I need to expound a little more on that strategy. This is a strategy of housing contract inmates has been in place in Iron County for over 30 years. With the scale the new facility we will be able to increase that housing to actually relieve the tax burden on our citizens. This is a strategy that is widely used in nearly every county in the state. As an example, the Beaver County Jail houses enough contract inmates to completely fund their county budget without excessive property tax. Iron County is too large to have that luxury. Iron County is extremely financially stable. We have no general obligation debt outside of the jail bond. That is not by accident. That has been accomplished through strategy by the county elected leadership over a number of years. Those same conservative financial practices are super important to maintain that financial stability. I have worked so hard on these issues to keep the tax burden away from our citizens. I will continue to stick to those plans."

Rand Bettridge (on General Election ballot): Property tax increases should never become routine. Before asking taxpayers for more, the county should first practice disciplined budgeting, control costs, prioritize essential services, use appropriate fees for services, apply impact fees where allowed, and make sure growth pays its fair share without shifting the burden onto existing residents. At the same time, we have to be honest about how the system works. Under Utah's property tax structure, ordinary inflation does not automatically increase the county's revenue on existing properties. Unless the county portion of the levy is adjusted, rising property values lower the tax rate, which means the county can face higher costs for roads, law enforcement, and basic services while its revenue on existing properties stays flat. If the county never adjusts its levy, then the only practical way for revenue to grow is through new growth, and I do not think Iron County should become dependent on growth just to maintain basic services. Iron County's recent tax increase was the first in roughly two decades, even though it may not feel that way when the state, school district, and other entities adjust their portions of the levy. Personally, I would exhaust other options first and treat any property tax increase as a last resort. But I also believe county leaders have to be honest about the cost of maintaining roads, supporting law enforcement, and keeping essential services functioning for the long term.

8. What role does the IC Commission play in managing responsible population growth and development in Iron County? What policies would you advocate in these areas?

Bruce McDonald: I think the water will determine that. It would be nice to get more water piped in from out of our basin. All desert city's do it. We must do it also. The state has over allocated water in this valley and now we have to fix it at our expense and that's not right.

Mike Bleak: This is delicate balance. The rights of personal property owners coupled with the demands for housing is difficult. We have a number of policies in place to address this. We have an ever evolving zoning plan that identifies appropriate areas for different types of growth. These are based on available infrastructure. Is sewer available, or is a septic tank required? If a septic tank is required does it meet the septic density requirements as address in our plan. Is there water available, and is that going to be provided by the Central Iron County Water Conservancy District, by private water system, or a well? Does the property fit within our flood mitigation plan? Are we in compliance with State Law dictating the need for affordable housing? With development each of these items along with others have to be addressed. There are multiple layers to this process. Our building department starts with plan reviews for individual properties and proposed subdivisions. In the case of subdivisions, they are required to be reviewed by the planning commission. Water, sewer, setbacks, flood water, street widths, lighting, parking etc... are reviewed by the planning commission and ultimately come to the County Commission for final approval. We analyze the proposal and review the planning commission recommendations for approval or disapproval. Our policies and ordinances and constantly under review to meet the demands of our continued growth. We have worked hard to implement ground water management plans, septic density plans, flood water mitigation plans, a tier and overlay plan for future growth. We as the commission work hand in hand with our planners, engineers, road department, sheriffs office, emergency management, fire etc... to implement the proper policies that affect individual areas. I'm proud of the leaps forward that we have made as a team in the last several years to address these issues. This is an evolving process that we will stay engaged with.

Rand Bettridge (on General Election ballot): The County Commission must help ensure growth does not get ahead of water, roads, public safety, and essential services. I do not believe existing residents should subsidize growth, and I support clear ordinances, infrastructure requirements, impact fees where appropriate, and careful land-use planning to protect Iron County's character. At the same time, responsible planning includes making room for our children and grandchildren. In my own family, I have children at different stages of life, including one still at home, one in a twin home, and others in single-family homes. Different stages require different options. My approach is to plan carefully, protect infrastructure, respect property rights, and make sure development pays its own way as much as the law allows.

Republican for US House District 3

Representative Celeste Maloy chose not to respond to the RICC Questions for CD3 Candidates after multiple outreaches to her campaign, her DC congressional office and her personal cell phone. She chose not to respond to RICC's Questions for Candidates in the past which includes her 2023 special election and her 2024 reelection campaign. In lieu of her response we have collected and provided Rep. Celeste Maloy's House Floor Statements & Votes Related to RICC Questions for CD3 Candidates. All statements and votes below are sourced directly from Rep. Maloy's official congressional website (maloy.house.gov), or her public voting records.

1. If elected, what do you believe are the most important issue(s) for the new Congress to address first in 2027?

Phil Lyman: Transparency, National Debt, War Powers, Water.

Celeste Maloy: RICC did not find House floor statements or statements on her congressional website where she explicitly prioritizes issues for a future Congress.

2. What are your core guiding principles that you would apply to this elected position? How will you manage any potential conflict(s) between your principles and your party's agenda?

Phil Lyman: I believe in the US Constitution, not just as a document but as a model that works. My oath is to that document and not some judges interpretation of it. I believe in the liberty and in the republican form of government with a true bicameral legislature. I oppose the Federal Reserve, the income tax, the United Nations, and the Federal Department of Education.

Celeste Maloy: RICC found no direct House floor statements or on her congressional website where she articulates her core guiding principles or discusses how she would manage conflict with her principles and the Republican Party.

3. Do you believe the federal government has a role in protecting life at all stages, including the womb, or is that solely an issue reserved for each state? What policies would you advocate in this regard?

Phil Lyman: Life begins at conception. Personhood begins at conception and is protected under the 14th amendment. Any law that condones the killing of unborn babies is a travesty.

Celeste Maloy:

House Floor Statement (June 12, 2025):
"The 2022 DoD policy runs around the Hyde Amendment by a travel, leave, and reimbursement policy. But in 1980, SCOTUS in Harris v. McRae said the government isn't obligated to fund or facilitate abortions, and this is a policy that clearly facilitates abortions... Post the Dobbs decision, federal policy is neutrality, not federal imposition. The federal government must exercise restraint and respect diverse moral values of American people... Federal abortion policy should be uniform like it has been for 40 years through bipartisan consensus in the Hyde Amendment. Abortions, including abortion travel or enhanced leave policies designed to facilitate abortions, have no place in this bill."

Source: maloy.house.gov – "Rep. Maloy: Policies designed to facilitate abortions have no place in FY26 Defense Bill," June 12, 2025
https://maloy.house.gov/news/documentsingle.aspx?DocumentID=1584

Related Votes (119th Congress, 2025-2026):
• H.R. 6945 – Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act (funds pregnancy centers): VOTED YEA, January 21, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=7
• H.R. 6359 – Pregnant Students' Rights Act (requires colleges to disclose rights for pregnant students): VOTED YEA, January 22, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=7

• H.R. 2616 – Stopping Indoctrination and Protecting Kids Act (parental consent before schools change minor's gender markers/pronouns/bathrooms): VOTED AYE, May 20, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=1

4. Do you believe that emergency power declarations by elected officials or international organizations should override the personal rights and freedoms of citizens (e.g., mandating medical treatments, lockdowns and wearing PP devices in public)?

Phil Lyman: No, never.

Celeste Maloy: RICC did not find any House floor statement or statement on her congressional website specifically addressing emergency power declarations, COVID-era mandates, lockdowns, or forced medical treatments from Representative Maloy.

5. What policies would you advocate regarding the reported tens of millions of illegal aliens/migrants residing in the US?

Phil Lyman: Deportation. Entering this country illegally is the only crime needed for deportation.

Celeste Maloy: RICC did not find any House floor statements or statements on her congressional website specifically address policies regarding illegal aliens/migrants residing in the US.

Related Votes (119th Congress):
• H.R. 7147 – DHS Appropriations Act, 2026 (border security/wall funding): VOTED YEA, January 22, 2026 | https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=7
• H.R. 7744 – DHS Appropriations Act, 2026 (full-year DHS bill): VOTED YEA, March 5, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=5
• H.R. 8029 – Pay Our Homeland Defenders Act: VOTED YEA, March 26, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=4
• H.R. 1958 – Deporting Fraudsters Act of 2026: VOTED YEA, March 18, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=4
• H.R. 4638 – Federal Working Animal Protection Act (immigrants harming police animals = deportable): VOTED YEA, March 19, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=4
• H.R. 1689 – Requiring TPS for Haiti: VOTED NAY (against TPS for Haitian immigrants), April 16, 2026 | https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=3
• One Big Beautiful Bill (HR.1) – $160 billion in border security: VOTED YEA, July 3, 2025 https://maloy.house.gov/news/documentsingle.aspx?DocumentID=1613

6. What solutions would you advocate regarding the annual budget deficit, the $39 trillion national debt, and reported $200+ trillion in unfunded liabilities?

Phil Lyman: We passed the point of no return 20 years ago. The only options for the country are to either default on our debt or to print more money. We will absolutely print more and more money. The options for Americans however are to either sink with the national economy or to take their financial destiny into their own hands. Silver and gold, and digital currency are a way for

Americans to detach themselves from a dollar that is in free fall. I will support legislation that protects our right to transact business using currency other than the US Dollar.

Celeste Maloy:

Post Federal Government Shutdown Statement (November 12, 2025):
"Tonight, after 42 days of a government shutdown, the House passed a continuing resolution that allows Congress to complete the full-year budget process. This package also approves three full-year appropriations bills for Military Construction and Veterans Affairs, the Legislative Branch, and Agriculture. It ensures that SNAP and WIC remain fully funded, takes care of veterans and active-duty military, and guarantees that federal workers and their families are paid. As a member of the House Appropriations Committee, I am ready to finish the remaining nine funding bills and uphold our responsibility to the American people. This vote provides needed stability for families and communities, and I remain committed to delivering a responsible budget."
Source: maloy.house.gov – November 12, 2025
https://maloy.house.gov/news/documentsingle.aspx?DocumentID=1771

Related Votes:
• H.J.Res. 139 – Balanced Budget Amendment: VOTED YEA, March 18, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=4
• S.Con.Res. 33 – FY2026 Budget Resolution (Republican budget framework): VOTED YEA, April 29, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=2
• One Big Beautiful Bill – praised rescinding "wasteful IRA dollars" and EV tax credits: VOTED YEA, July 3, 2025 https://maloy.house.gov/news/documentsingle.aspx?DocumentID=1613

7. Do you support U.S. taxpayer funding for the war in Ukraine and/or Iran? If yes, do you believe in any limits to the U.S. funding of Ukraine and/or Iran? How should Congress utilize its power to declare War in either situation?

Phil Lyman: Ukraine no. Iran maybe. I believe that the president had valid reasons for his strike in Iran, but I also believe his efforts were hijacked by bad actors in our own government and military. His blocking Iranian ports and then calling a ceasefire was a sham. At this point we must pull out of Iran while still protecting our economic interests in the Middle East. There is more going on there than just responding to a nuclear threat. I suspect there will be a major reconfiguration of the middle east over the next 5 years.

Celeste Maloy: RICC found no specific House floor statements or releases on her congressional website on Ukraine war funding since January 2025.

Related to Iran and War Powers Votes:
She has voted three times against invoking the War Powers Resolution to remove U.S. forces from Iran and one time against removing US forces from Venezuela.
• H.Con.Res. 38 – Remove U.S. Forces from unauthorized hostilities in Iran: VOTED NAY, March 5, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=5

• H.Con.Res. 40 – Remove U.S. Forces from hostilities with Iran: VOTED NAY, April 16, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=3
• H.Con.Res. 75 – Remove U.S. Forces from hostilities against Iran: VOTED NAY, May 14, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=1
• H.Res. 1084 – Reaffirming Iran remains the largest state sponsor of terrorism: VOTED YEA, March 5, 2026 | https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=5
• H.Con.Res. 68 – Remove U.S. Forces from Venezuela: VOTED NAY, January 22, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=7

8. Since the passage of the GENIUS Act, what are your views on the potential impact on citizens' economic liberty? How can Congress ensure that digital stablecoins are not used as a medium of control vs savings and payments?

Phil Lyman: It would inevitably result in loss of financial privacy and autonomy for Americans. The US must stay our of the digital currency marketplace. Any government involvement will be for the benefit of the wealthy tech elite and to the detriment of average citizens.

Celeste Maloy: RICC found no House floor statement, or statements on her congressional website addressing the GENIUS Act, digital stablecoins, Central Bank Digital Currencies (CBDCs), or the potential risks or opportunities of digital currency to citizens' economic liberty.

Related Votes:
Voted YEA on the GENIUS Act, July 17, 2025
https://clerk.house.gov/Votes/2025200

9. What role, if any, does the federal government have in the country's educational system? What policies would you advocate in this regard?

Phil Lyman: This a power that was never delegated to the federal government and is thus reserved to the states or to the people.

Celeste Maloy: RICC did not find any House floor statements or statements on her congressional website regarding her views on the US education system and Federal Government policy.

Related Votes:
• H.R. 2616 – Stopping Indoctrination and Protecting Kids Act (parental consent before schools change minor's gender markers, pronouns, or sex-based accommodations): VOTED AYE, May 20, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=1
• H.R. 6359 – Pregnant Students' Rights Act (requires colleges to disclose rights for pregnant students): VOTED YEA, January 22, 2026 https://maloy.house.gov/voterecord/?Page=7

10. What are your views on the current level of security and integrity of US elections? What policies would you advocate regarding US elections, if any?

Phil Lyman: Our elections are a complete facade. They have been taken over in a sophisticated scheme that includes the buy in of many politicians, the media, foreign countries, our own DOJ, etc. The only solution is transparency. We must be able to assess the accuracy and completeness of voter lists. We must have access to Cast Vote Records and election summaries. known bad actors must be arrested. Cheating in one state can tip the balance of power for the entire country and is thus a federal DOJ issue. I am disappointed that this administration has not kept their promise to audit state elections and arrest fraudsters, but more frustrating is that Tina Peters is still in jail. Unconscionable!

Celeste Maloy: RICC did not find any House floor statements or statements on her congressional website on election security, election integrity, voter ID, mail-in ballots, or electoral reform.

Related Votes:
Rep. Maloy voted YEA on The SAVE Act, April 10, 2025
https://www.govtrack.us/congress/votes/119-2025/h102
Rep. Maloy voted YEA on the Safeguard American Voter Eligibility Act, July 10, 2024
https://clerk.house.gov/Votes/2024345

Republican Candidates for State School District 14

Linda Hanks and Nichole Beecher Isom did not respond to our Questions for State School Board D14 Candidates after repeated attempts to contact their respective campaigns by email, phone and text message.

Candidates Contact Info:

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